

American Dahlia Society

Seedling Evaluation Scorecard for **Fully Double** Cultivars

Date _____ Time _____ Location _____ Number of Plants _____ Cultivar ID _____

Classification _____ ADS Color Chips _____

1. Determine cultivar classification as a team if possible.
2. Identify faults of blooms at arm's length and judge early or late in the day, if possible.
3. Do not include blooms past their prime when determining faults in the trial garden, but do include several blooms close to prime condition (AA-A-B, 3-4; BB-M, 6-8) when possible.
4. See the back of this sheet for fault recommendations. Circle the faults identified.
5. Consider both the severity and extent of the fault when you determine the deduction.
6. Bear in mind that -1 is a failing (<85%) score for bloom position, and -4 is a passing (>85%) score for form. Therefore, make deductions in the context of each characteristic's scorecard value.
7. Use the bottom of the scorecard for entries that are clearly not worthy.

SCORE

Color	22 points — if no faults are detected. Look for color that is not dull, blotchy, streaked, or faded. Bleeding is a fault in bicolors and variegated blooms. Uneven distribution of the second color is a fault for all the cultivars with two or more colors.	
Form Diameter _____ Depth _____	28 points — if no faults are detected. Check bloom for irregular or misshapen centers, gaps, asymmetrical contour, adherence to the current ideal definition, and mixed form among the florets. Check depth ratio against current ideal. Fault if the ratio is less than ideal or is greater than one.	
Substance	15 points — if no faults are detected. Look for ray florets that are drooping, sagging, or wilting. Other faults include shriveled, misshapen, and falling florets.	
Stem Length _____	10 points — if no faults are detected. Check for stems that are crooked, too long, too short, too thick, too thin, or enter the bloom off center.	
Foliage	10 points — if no faults are detected. Look for leaves that are too small or too large for the bloom. Ideally leaves are identical and opposite each other on the stem.	
Bloom Position	5 points — if no faults are detected. Downfacing blooms are a serious fault. Sidefacing blooms are less serious. 45° is preferred for most forms, but top facing is fine for balls, pompons, and waterlilies.	
Uniformity (Bench) — — — — — —	5 points — if no faults are detected. Check blooms for uniformity of form, color, size as well as for each of the other evaluation characteristics.	Bench
Floriferousness (Trial Gardens)	5 points — if no faults are detected. Very few blooms or blooms too late for local shows are serious faults.	— — — Trial Garden
Distinction	5 points — if strong potential for higher awards. Cultivars unlikely to win in competition should be penalized. Striking combinations of attributes should be rewarded.	
Judge's Printed Name _____ Judge's Signature _____ Check One: <input type="checkbox"/> Candidate Judge <input type="checkbox"/> Accredited Judge <input type="checkbox"/> Senior Judge <input type="checkbox"/> Honorary Judge Note: Only one judge per scoresheet. Each judge must use a separate scoresheet.		Total Score
Entry Not Worthy: It is occasionally necessary to judge an entry that will clearly not score above 75. In such an instance, please circle or underline the reason(s) for that conclusion: Always open centered, consistently malformed centers, too few ray florets, highly nonuniform color, many wolf florets (color or form), consistently downfacing, stunted plants, very poor stems, very poor proportion, very poor color. Additional scoring is not necessary; circle "did not score" (DNS) at right. → DNS		
Comments		